

Towards (quasi-)operational demonstration of hydrometeorological ensemble prediction systems:

The MAP D-PHASE and COST PROFIT projects

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Supported by the World Weather Research Program (WWRP)

MAP

-> study of atmospheric and hydrological processes over mountainous regions.

MAP surface hydrology

- -> orographically-influenced precipitation
- -> related flooding episodes
- -> NWP improvement within complex topography
- -> interactions with land-surface processes

2. Experimental Phase, 1999 SOP

Lago Maggiore - Lake Level 1999



2. Experimental Phase, 1999 SOP

Institute for Atmospheric and Climate Science



Lago Maggiore - Real-time Forecasting MC2 <-> WATFLOOD

Streamflow (in $m^3 s^{-1}$) for the period of Sep. 4 to Nov. 17, 1999,



Benoit et al., HESS (2003)

Lago Maggiore - Poor man's ensemble WaSiM ETH <-> NWP's/RADAR



The RAPHAEL* Project *Runoff and Atmospheric Processes for flood HAzard forEcasting and controL

Jasper et al., J. Hydrology (2002)

MAP - 3. Analysis Phase

- operational use of a high-resolution numerical models
- mechanisms of orographic precipitation
- alpine radar composite
- new terrain-following coordinate for steep orography
- progress in hydrological modelling and associated near-surface exchange processes

Publications database http://www.map.meteoswiss.ch/

Annales Geophysicae, Atmospheric Environment, Boundary Layer Meteorology, Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, Climate Dynamics, Climatic Change, Geophysical Research Letters, Hydrology and Earth System Science, International J Climatology, J Applied Meteorology, J Atmospheric Oceanic Technology, J Atmospheric Science, J Climate, J Geophysical Research, Meteorological Applications, Meteorologische Zeitschrift, Meteorology Atmospheric Physics, Monthly Weather Review, Nature, Physics Chemistry of the Earth (B), Quarterly J Royal Meteorological Society, Remote Sensing of the Environment, Science, Tellus A&B, Theoretical Applied Climatology, Weather

MAP-DPHASE

Demonstration of **P**robabilistic **H**ydrological and **A**tmospheric **S**imulation of flood **E**vents in the Alps.

- Demonstrate ability for improved forecast of heavy precipitation in the alps
 - → High-resolution atmospheric modelling
 - → ensemble forecast technique
 - → Radar data (assimilation)
 - → Hydrological modeling
- End users involved (end user needs, e.g. probabilistic forecasts): end-to-end forecast system

Quasi-operational forecasting system for Alpine flood events

- EPS with a lead time of a few days
- short-range forecasts based on high-resolution atmospheric and hydrologic models for selected regions or catchments (End-users)
- real-time **nowcasting** and high-resolution observational information (e.g. Radar)

Atmospheric models:

aLMo/2, AROME, MOLOCH, COSMO-LEPS, COAMPS, WRF, ALADIN-Austria, LMK, LAMI, Meso-NH, MM5, GEM-LAM, PEPS, LAMI-CNMCA, MOGREPS, ...

Hydrological models: DRIFT, PREVAH, TopKapi, DIMOSOP, WATFLOOD ...

End users: local authorities, lake regulators, institutional agencies... In various countries

MAP - 4. Demonstration Phase



Rotach M. et al. (2005): MAP D-PHASE, A Forecast Demonstration Project in the framework of MAP. - Unpublished project proposal to the WWRP-SSC.

WORKING GROUPS

- Hydrology and End Users
 - different levels of (end)users, 'actors' or 'users'
 - interface between the end users and modellers
 - communication on state-of-the-art flood forecasting
- Verification

takes care of the evaluation protocols and is responsible for the validation and verification methodology to be adopted

- Data Interface data collection, storage, and distribution
- Data Policy legal matters related to data exchange

Issues

- WWRP endorsement: Oct 2005
- International Steering Committee
 - all Alpine countries (and some more)
 - March 13/14: first meeting
- Project coordinator: Marco Arpagaus @MeteoSwiss
- Data Interface
 - joint data platform: co-financed with COPS
 - joint visualisation platform
 - joint warning and alert's platform: jointly with METEORISK
- Joint evaluation and verification protocols
- Demonstration period: June to Nov 2007

Related initiatives

COST Action 731

Propagation of Uncertainty in Advanced Meteo-Hydrological Forecast Systems

- European Concerted Research Action
- Forecasting (heavy) precipitation events
- Effects on corresponding hydrological processes
- Uncertainty prorogation in model chain
- Communication of uncertainty to the end-users

Working groups at the *interfaces*:

- observation and (atmospheric) modeling
- atmospheric and hydrological modeling
- hydrological modeling and end-users.
- -> investigate the propagation of uncertainty through the various steps of modeling and decision making.



Systematic treatment of uncertainty in a prediction chain



WG Structure: community interaction



- WG-1: Propagation of uncertainty from observing systems (radars) into NWP
- WG-2: Propagation of uncertainty from observing systems and NWP into hydrological models
- WG-3: Use of uncertainty in warnings and decision making

The **PROFIT** project

Probabilistic Forecasting Tools for Heavy Precipitation Events in the Alpine Region.

Focus on two specific steps of the forecasting chain:

- In a first PhD project high-quality radar data, NWP forecasts and other observational data will be employed to establish a heuristic probabilistic forecasting tool for the nowcasting of orographic precipitation
- A second PhD project concentrates on probabilistic forecasting of potential flood events through the use of a hydrologic ensemble prediction system (Talk by Mark Verbunt -> Operationalisation!)

COST 731 + PROFIT Propagation of Uncertainty in Advanced Meteo-Hydrological Forecast Systems



Schematic to depict the production chain of a flood forecasting, decision making and warning system.

PROFIT areas



PROFIT small test area Linth (600 km²) - EU Glarus



Summary

- MAP D-PHASE
- --> high resolution probabilistic and deterministic flood forecasting in the Alps
- COST 731
- --> uncertainty propagation in meteo-hydrological forecasting
- Both
- --> ongoing projects
- --> one-to-one 'application' of today's workshop theme



Lago Maggiore - Lake Level after 1999 SOP



- Precipitation as most difficult parameter to forecast, observe and interpolate
- operational use of use ensemble prediction systems (EPS) to assess the uncertainty involved in forecasting precipitation in time and space
- Propagation of uncertainty / Atmosphere <-> Hydrosphere
- Hydrological models calibrated for "average" flood
- Uncertainty in case of extreme events
- quantification of uncertainty within hydrological model systems
 - -> Previous talk by M. Verbunt + Poster by S. Jaun, both IACETH.

IFKIS-HYDRO MountainFloodWatch **Current Operational setup**

Real-Time observations



Communication to End-User (EU)



Communication of uncertainty



Figure 5. Pre-warning for discharge at Lobith issued at two day intervals starting 20 January 1995 at 13:00.

Werner et al., Natural Hazards (2005)